



## Coordinate Algebra EOC (GSE) Quiz Answer Key

Functions - (MGSE9-12.F.LE.1) Linear And Exponential

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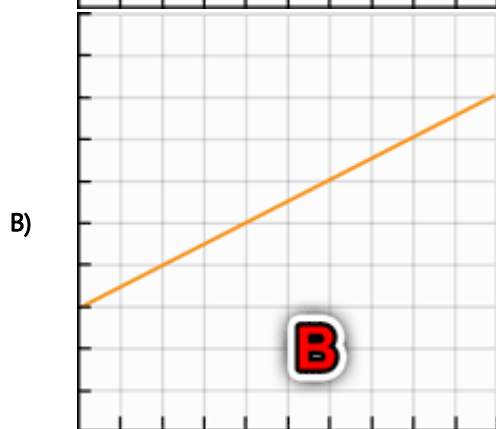
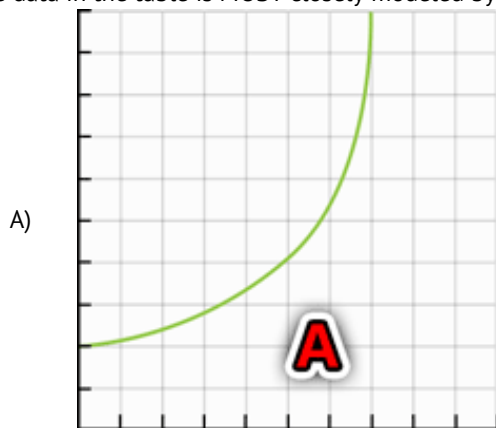
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1)

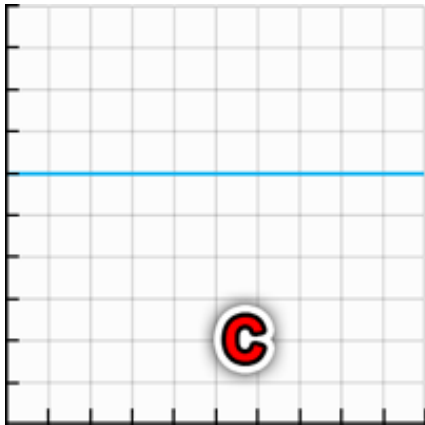
table

x	2	4	6	8	10
y	3	5	7	9	11

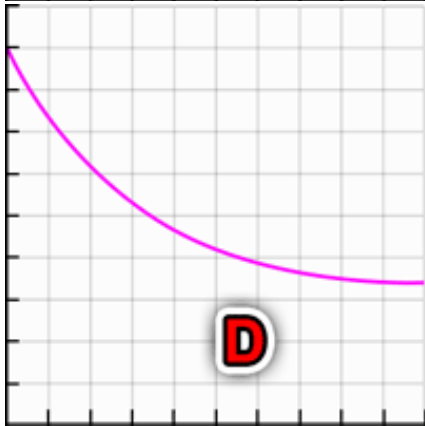
The data in the table is MOST closely modeled by graph



C)



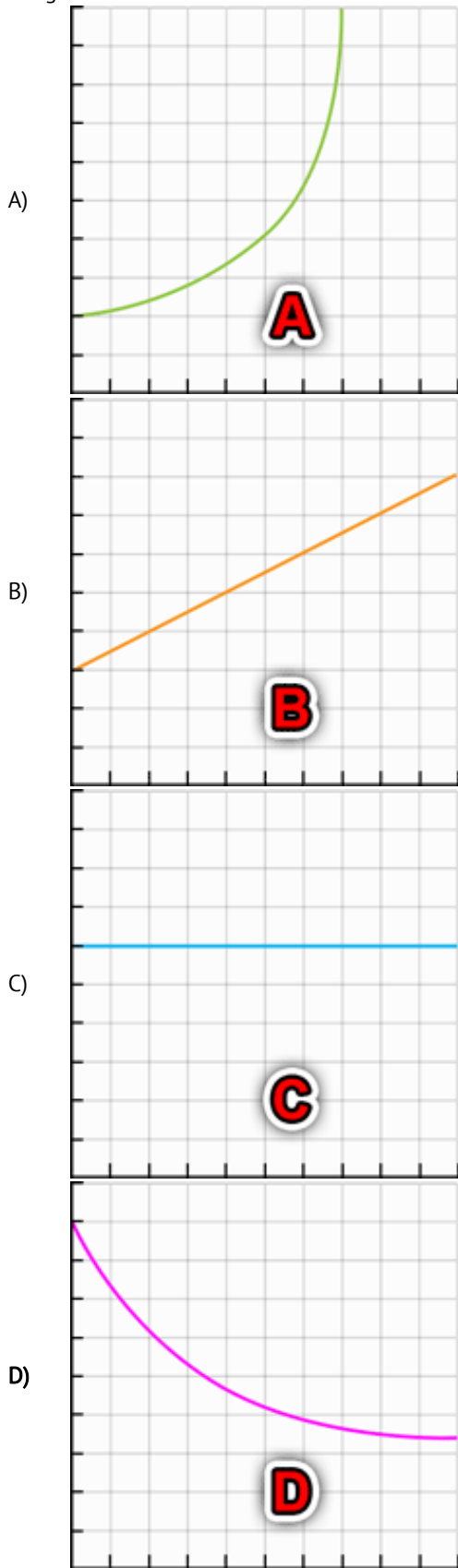
D)



**Explanation:**

**B** is best, since it appears to be linear, and the values in the table follow the linear pattern  $y = 2x + 1$ .

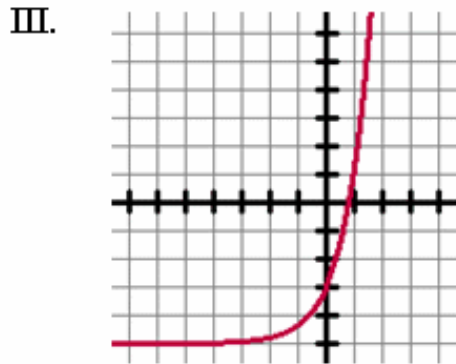
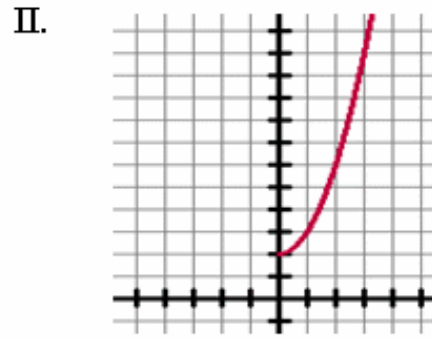
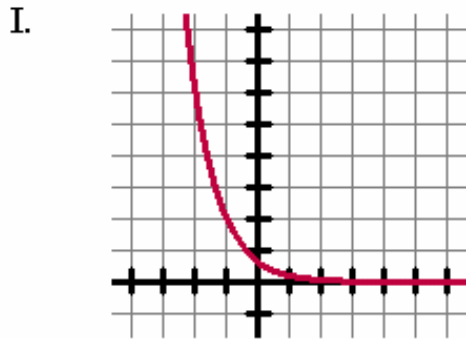
2) You are going to model the population size of a species of bird that is gradually becoming extinct. Which graph is the BEST choice for doing this?



**Explanation:**

D is best, since it is decreasing from left to right at a slower and slower rate.

3)



Identify the graph(s) of exponential decay.

- A) I only
- B) III and IV only
- C) II and IV only
- D) II, III, and IV only

**Explanation:**

The correct answer is **I only**. Exponential decay functions are of the form  $f(x) = a \cdot b^x + c$ , where  $x < 0$ ,  $b > 0$  and  $b \neq 1$ . Graphically as  $x$  increases without bound  $y$  decreases towards the horizontal asymptote.

4) The cost of vacation to a cabin resort for a night is \$95 for each person. Each cabin also has to pay a \$25 recreational equipment rental fee. Model the cost,  $C$ , for  $x$  for a one night stay at the resort.

- A)  $C(x) = 25x$
- B)  $C(x) = 95x$
- C)  $C(x) = 95 + 25$
- D)  $C(x) = 95x + 25$

**Explanation:**

$C(x) = 95x + 25$  is correct, since the \$25 cost is fixed, but the \$95 cost increases as  $x$  increases.

5) The cost of membership at local country club is \$125 per family member per month. Each family also has to pay \$75 in service fees. Model the cost,  $C$ , for a membership for a family with  $x$  members.

- A)  $C(x) = 75x$
- B)  $C(x) = 125x$
- C)  $C(x) = 125x + 75$
- D)  $C(x) = 125 + 75x$

**Explanation:**

$C(x) = 125x + 75$  is correct, since the \$75 cost is fixed, but the \$125 cost increases as  $x$  increases.

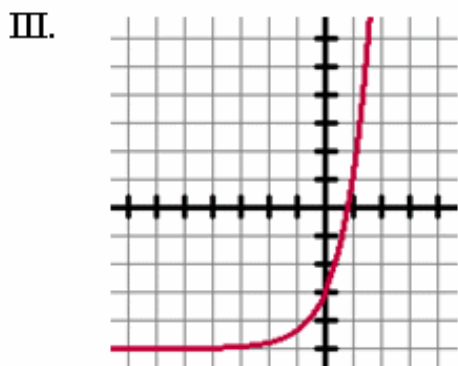
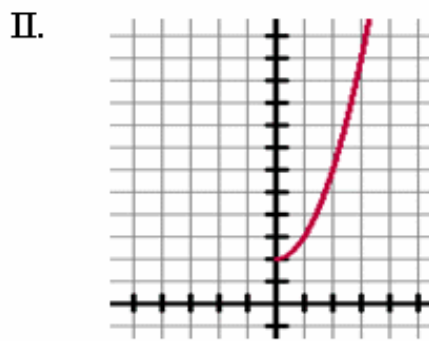
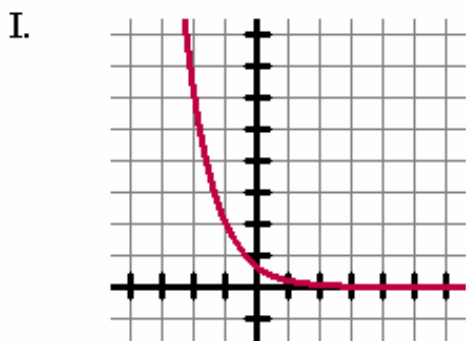


- 6) A new car worth \$20,000 loses 20% of its value every year. Is the value of the car represented by a linear or exponential function?
- A) linear
  - B) exponential**
  - C) both linear and exponential
  - D) neither linear or exponential

**Explanation:**

**exponential** is correct. Use the function  $f(x) = c(1-r)^t$ ;  $f(x) = 20000(1-.20)^t$  The independent variable appears as an exponent and the graph of the function is curved.

7)



Identify the graph(s) of exponential growth.

- A) I only
- B) III and IV only**
- C) II and IV only
- D) II, III, and IV only

**Explanation:**

The correct answer is **III and IV**. Exponential growth functions are of the form  $f(x) = a \cdot b^x + c$ , where  $x > 0$ ,  $b > 0$  and  $b \neq 1$ . Graphically as  $x$  increases without bound so does  $y$ . They also have a horizontal asymptote.

8) A membership to the local gym cost \$40 and then \$2 per visit. What is the maximum number of visits that can be made for \$90 and is it modeled by a linear function or a exponential function?

- A) **25; linear**
- B) 25; exponential
- C) 45; linear
- D) 45; exponential

**Explanation:**

**25; linear**

$$90 = 2x + 40$$

$$50 = 2x$$

$$25 = x$$

9)

$$\text{I. } f(x) = 9 \cdot 5^x - 4$$

$$\text{II. } g(x) = 4x^2 + 3$$

$$\text{III. } h(x) = 16 \cdot 11^{-x+3}$$

$$\text{IV. } m(x) = 6^{x+1} - 3$$

Identify the function(s) that represent exponential growth.

- A) I only
- B) III only
- C) **I and IV only**
- D) I, II, and IV only

**Explanation:**

The correct answer is **I and IV**. Exponential growth functions are of the form  $f(x) = a \cdot b^x + c$ , where  $x > 0$ ,  $b > 0$  and  $b \neq 1$ .

10) If the number of bacteria in a colony doubles every 210 minutes and the population is currently 8,000 bacteria, what will the population be in 630 minutes and is it modeled by a linear function or a exponential function?

- A) 24,000; linear function
- B) 24,000; exponential function
- C) 64,000; linear function
- D) **64,000; exponential function**

**Explanation:**

**64,000; exponential function**

Determine how many times the population will double.

$$\frac{630}{210} = 3$$

Multiply the population by 2 a total of 3 times.

$$8,000 \times 2^3 = 64,000$$

**11)** If a city that currently has a population of 1000 triples in size every 8 years, what will the population be in 24 years and is the population growth modeled by a linear function or an exponential function?

- A) 10,000; linear
- B) 10,000; exponential
- C) 27,000; linear
- D) **27,000; exponential**

**Explanation:**

**27,000; exponential**

$$24 \div 8 = 3$$

The population will triple three times.

$$1000 \times 3^3 = 27,000$$

**12)**

I.  $f(x) = 3 \cdot 5^{-x}$   
 II.  $f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$   
 III.  $f(x) = -7e^x + 8$

Identify the functions which represent exponential decay.

- A) **I and II only**
- B) I and III only
- C) I, II, and III
- D) II and III only

**Explanation:**

**I and II only** is correct. Exponential decay functions have the form  $f(x) = ab^x + c$ . Function I is already in this form, and function II can be rewritten by changing  $\frac{1}{2}$  to  $2^{-1}$ , and then getting  $2^{-x}$ .

**13)** If there is 360 grams of radioactive material with a half-life of 8 hours, how much of the radioactive material will be left after 32 hours and is the radioactive decay modeled by a linear function or an exponential function?

- A) 22.5 grams; linear
- B) **22.5 grams; exponential**
- C) 45 grams; linear
- D) 45 grams; exponential

**Explanation:**

**22.5 grams; exponential**

$$32 \div 8 = 4$$

The material will half 4 times.

$$360 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4 = 22.5$$



**14)** If there is 520 grams of radioactive material with a half-life of 12 hours, how much of the radioactive material will be left after 72 hours and is the radioactive decay modeled by a linear function or an exponential function?

- A) 8.125 gram; linear
- B) 8.125 grams; exponential**
- C) 16.25 grams; linear
- D) 16.25 grams; exponential

**Explanation:**

**8.125 grams; exponential**

$$72 \div 12 = 6$$

The material will half 6 times.

$$520 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^6 = 8.125 \text{ grams}$$

**15)** Hank bought a \$24,000 car when he graduated from college. If his car depreciates at a rate of 10% per year, how long will it take for the car to lose half its value?

- A) 4 months
- B) 5 years
- C) 6 years, 7 months**
- D) 7 years, 4 months

**Explanation:**

**6 years, 7 months** is correct.

For a decay problem, we use the formula  $A = A_0(1 - r)^t$

$$A = 12,000$$

$$A_0 = 24,000$$

$$r = .1$$

$$t = ?$$

$$12,000 = 24,000(1 - .1)^t$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = .9^t$$

$$t = \log_{.9}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$t = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)}{\ln(.9)}$$

$t \approx 6.5788$ , which is about 6 years and 7 months.

**16)** A lifetime membership to the zoo cost \$30 and then just \$2 per visit. What is the maximum number of visits that can be made for \$50 and is it modeled by a linear function or a exponential function?

- A) 10 visits; linear function**
- B) 10 visits; exponential function
- C) 25 visits; linear function
- D) 25 visits; exponential function

**Explanation:**

**10 visits, linear function**

$$50 = 2x + 30$$

$$20 = 2x$$

$$10 = x$$



**17)** If the number of bacteria in a colony triples every 60 minutes and the population is currently 2,000 bacteria, what will the population be in 240 minutes and is the growth modeled by a linear function or an exponential function?

- A) 20,000; linear
- B) 20,000; exponential
- C) 162,000; linear
- D) **162,000; exponential**

**Explanation:**

**162,000; exponential**

$$240 \div 60 = 4$$

The population will triple four times.

$$2000 \times 3^4 = 162,000$$

**18)** If a town with a population of 10,000 doubles every 14 years, what will the population be in 42 years and is it modeled by a linear function or an exponential function?

- A) 30,000; linear function
- B) 30,000; exponential function
- C) 80,000; linear function
- D) **80,000; exponential function**

**Explanation:**

**80,000; exponential function**

Determine how many times the population will double.

$$\frac{42}{14} = 3$$

Multiply the population by 2 a total of 3 times.

$$10,000 \times 2^3 = 80,000$$